WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL #0711

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Westlake Charter School Sacramento, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Westlake Charter School (the Organization), a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Westlake Charter School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Organization's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information (as identified in the table of contents) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, except for the portion marked "unaudted," was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The Local Education Agency Organization Structure, which is marked "unaudited," has not be subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 13, 2023 on our consideration of the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California November 13, 2023

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,110,285
Accounts Receivable - Federal and State	1,623,685
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	250,000
Total Current Assets	13,983,970
LONG-TERM ASSETS	
Property, Plant, and Equipment, Net	51,243
Right of Use Asset - Operating	349,570
Total Long-Term Assets	400,813
Total Assets	\$ 14,384,783
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 995,493
Operating Lease Liability, Current Portion	242,946
Total Current Liabilities	1,238,439
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	
Operating Lease Liability - Net of Current Portion	109,899
Total Long-Term Liabilities	109,899
NET ASSETS	
Without Donor Restriction	13,036,445
Total Net Assets	13,036,445
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 14,384,783

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES, WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTION State Revenue:	
State Aid	\$ 8,654,290
Other State Revenue	3,727,571
Federal Revenue:	0,727,071
Grants and Entitlements	165,745
Local Revenue:	103,743
	2 220 502
In-Lieu Property Tax Revenue	3,338,593
Interest Income	361,064
Other Revenue	655,325
Total Revenues	16,902,588
EXPENSES	
Program Services	11,461,251
Management and General	3,664,943
Total Expenses	15,126,194
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	1,776,394
Not Associated With and December 1997 and 1997 a	44.000.054
Net Assets Without Donor Restriction - Beginning of Year	11,260,051
NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTION - END OF YEAR	\$ 13,036,445

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Program Services		Management and General		Total Expenses	
Salaries and Wages	\$	6,293,359	\$	2,007,810	\$	8,301,169
Pension Expense		1,351,495		151,912		1,503,407
Other Employee Benefits		955,321		163,573		1,118,894
Payroll Taxes		162,202		91,054		253,256
Legal Expenses		74,007		34,827		108,834
Accounting Expenses		-		19,645		19,645
Instructional Materials		1,034,917		200,432		1,235,349
Other Fees for Services		666,156		427,041		1,093,197
Advertising and Promotion Expenses		-		17,964		17,964
Office Expenses		9,597		61,673		71,270
Occupancy Expenses		254,870		254,870		509,740
Travel Expenses		20,697		16,262		36,959
Depreciation Expense		1,636		1,636		3,272
Other Expenses		636,994		216,244		853,238
Total Functional Expenses	\$ 1	1,461,251	\$	3,664,943	\$	15,126,194

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Change in Net Assets	\$ 1,776,394
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets	
to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	3,272
Change in Operating Assets:	
Accounts Receivable - Federal and State	(104,321)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	(250,000)
Right of Use Asset - Operating	(349,570)
Change in Operating Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	650,541
Operating Lease Liability	352,845
Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities	2,079,161
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of Property, Plant, and Equipment	(45,432)
Net Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities	(45,432)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,033,729
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	 10,076,556
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 12,110,285

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

Westlake Charter School (the Organization) is a California nonprofit public benefit corporation created by parents and educators in the Natomas area. The Organization serves children from kindergarten through eighth grade. The elementary school was approved in 2005 by the Natomas Unified School District (the District) and the Middle School was approved in 2011. The District has granted the charter through June 30, 2025, subject to amendment and renewal. The California State Legislature, through the adoption of Education Code 47607.4, and notwithstanding the renewal process and criteria established in other Education Code provisions, has automatically extended the charter's term by two years (June 30, 2027). The charter may be revoked by the District only for material violations of the charter, failure to meet student outcomes identified in the charter, failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management, or violation of any provisions of the law.

The Organization has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the District whereby they pay the District 3% of the school's per pupil revenues to provide administrative oversight and facilities.

The Organization is funded principally through state of California public education monies received through the California Department of Education and the District.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual method of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables and liabilities.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Costs of providing the Organization's programs and other activities have been presented in the statement of functional expenses. During the year, such costs are accumulated into separate groupings as either direct or indirect. Indirect or shared costs are allocated among program and support services by a method that best measures the relative degree of benefit.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Organization defines its cash and cash equivalents to include only cash on hand, demand deposits, and liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Asset Classes

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions. The governing board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as restricted revenue when received and released from restrictions when the assets are placed in service. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both.

Contributions restricted by donors are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable primarily represent amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2023. Management believes that all receivables are fully collectible; therefore, no provisions for uncollectible accounts were recorded.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost, if purchased or at estimated fair value, if donated. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the asset. The Organization capitalizes all expenditures for land, buildings and equipment in excess of \$1,000.

Revenue Recognition

Amounts received from the California Department of Education are conditional and recognized as revenue by the Organization based on the average daily attendance (ADA) of students. Revenue that is restricted is recorded as an increase in net assets without donor restriction if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other restricted revenues are reported as increases in net assets with donor restriction.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Amounts received from fee for service are recognized upon completion of each obligation and are reported in other revenue on the statement of activities. Revenue is recognized over time.

Contributions

All contributions are considered to be available for use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are restricted to specific use or future periods are reported as contributions with donor restrictions. Restricted contributions that are received and released in the same period are reported as promises to give without donor restrictions. Unconditional promises to give expected to be received in one year or less are recorded at net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give expected to be received in more than one year are recorded at fair value at the date of the promise. Conditional promises to give (those with a measurable performance or other barrier and a right of return) are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. As of June 30, 2023, the Organization has conditional grants of \$387,409.

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on September 1 and are payable in two installments on or before November 1 and February 1. Unsecured property taxes are not a lien against real property and are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County bills and collects property taxes for all taxing agencies within the County and distributes these collections to the various agencies. The sponsor agency of the Organization is required by law to provide in-lieu property tax payments on a monthly basis, from August through July. The amount paid per month is based upon an allocation per student, with a specific percentage to be paid each month.

Compensated Absences

The Organization does not allow employees to carryover unused vacation. Accordingly, there were no accumulated compensated absence benefits at June 30, 2023.

Income Taxes

The Organization is a nonprofit entity exempt from the payment of income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701d. Accordingly, no provision has been made for income taxes. Management has determined that all income tax positions are more likely than not of being sustained upon potential audit or examination; therefore, no disclosures of uncertain income tax positions are required. The Organization is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to the exempt purposes. The Organization files an exempt School return and applicable unrelated business income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and with the California Franchise Tax Board.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-02, *Leases* (ASC 842). The School determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets, and operating lease liabilities on the statement of financial position. Finance leases are included in financing ROU assets, and lease liabilities – financing on the statement of financial position.

ROU assets represent the School's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the School's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term.

As most of leases do not provide an implicit rate, the School uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. The lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the School will exercise that option. The School has elected to recognize payments for short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less as expense as incurred and these leases are not included as lease liabilities or ROU assets on the statement of financial position.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In February 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-02, *Leases* (ASC 842). The new standard increases transparency and comparability among organizations by requiring the recognition of right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet. Most prominent of the changes in the standard is the recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases. Under the standard, disclosures are required to meet the objective of enabling users of financial statements to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. The School adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022 and has elected to apply the provisions of this standard to the beginning of the period of adoption with certain practical expedients available.

The School elected the available practical expedients to account for existing capital leases and operating leases as finance leases and operating leases, respectively, under the new guidance, without reassessing (a) whether the contracts contain leases under the new standard, (b) whether classification of capital leases or operating leases would be different in accordance with the new guidance, or (c) whether the unamortized initial direct costs before transition adjustments would have met the definition of initial direct costs in the new guidance at lease commencement.

In addition, the School elected the hindsight practical expedient to determine the lease term for existing leases. The election of the hindsight practical expedient resulted in the shortening of the lease term for the existing lease and the useful life of the corresponding leasehold improvements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Adoption of New Accounting Standards (Continued)

As a result of the adoption of the new lease accounting guidance, the School recognized on July 1, 2022 a ROU asset at the carrying amount of the operating lease asset of \$580,808. The School also recognized on July 1, 2022 a lease liability of \$580,808, which represents the present value of the remaining finance lease payments discounted using the School's incremental borrowing rate of 2.85%.

Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The School has evaluated subsequent events through November 13, 2023, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date. Financial assets available for general expenditures comprise cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable for the total amount of \$13,733,970.

As part of its liquidity management plan, the Organization monitors liquidity required and cash flows to meet operating needs on a monthly basis. The Organization structures its financial assets to be available as general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due.

NOTE 3 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Organization maintains substantially all of its cash in the County of Sacramento Treasury (the County). The County pools these funds with those of other educational organizations in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at costs which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool. The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et. seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. The fair value of the Organization's deposits in this pool as of June 30, 2023, as provided by the pool sponsor was approximately \$12,085,000.

NOTE 4 PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment in the accompanying financial statements is presented net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense was \$3,272 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The components of property, plant, and equipment as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Building Improvements	\$ 53,251
Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	 2,952
Total	56,203
Less: Accumulated Amortization	 (4,960)
Total Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$ 51,243

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT

Multiemployer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Qualified employees are covered under multiemployer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the state of California.

The risks of participating in these multiemployer defined benefit pension plans are different from single employer plans because: (a) assets contributed to the multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers, (b) the required member, employer, and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature, and (c) if the Organization chooses to stop participating in the multiemployer plan, it may be required to pay a withdrawal liability to the plan. The Organization has no plans to withdraw from this multiemployer plan.

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The School contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing multiemployer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. According to the most recently available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation Report for the year ended June 30, 2022 total STRS plan net assets are \$300 billion, the total actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits is \$434 billion, contributions from all employers totaled \$6.513 billion, and the plan is 74.4% funded. The School did not contribute more than 5% of the total contributions to the plan.

Copies of the STRS annual financial reports may be obtained from STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, CA 95826 and www.calstrs.com.

Funding Policy

Active plan members hired before January 1, 2013 are required to contribute 10.25% of their salary and those hired after are required to contribute 10.21% of their salary. The Organization is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the STRS Teachers' Retirement Board.

NOTE 5 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT (CONTINUED)

The required employer contribution rate for year ended June 30, 2023 was 19.10% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established and may be amended by state statute.

The Organization's contributions to STRS for the past three years are as follows:

	Required	Percent
Year Ending June 30,	Constribution	Contributed
2021	\$ 695,912	100%
2022	857,744	100%
2023	1,158,153	100%

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The Organization contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiemployer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. According to the most recently available Actuarial Valuation Report for the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Employer Pool total plan assets are \$79.3 billion, the present value of accumulated plan benefits is \$113.7 billion, contributions from all employers totaled \$3.55 billion, and the plan is 69.8% funded. The Organization did not contribute more than 5% of the total contributions to the plan.

Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial reports may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 and www.calpers.ca.gov.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary for Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) members and 7.0% of their salary for classic members. The school is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for year ended June 30, 2023 was 25.37%. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established and may be amended by state statute.

The Organization's contributions to PERS for each of the last three years are as follows:

	F	Required	Percent
Year Ending June 30,	_ Co	nstribution	Contributed
2021	\$	233,433	100%
2022		294,466	100%
2023		345,254	100%

NOTE 6 LEASES - ASC 842

The School leases equipment and facilities for various terms under long-term, non-cancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2027 and provide for renewal options for one year. In the normal course of business, it is expected that these leases will be renewed or replaced by similar leases. Certain equipment leases require the School to guarantee minimum residual values. The expected amount payable under the residual guarantees is estimated to be \$0 at June 30, 2023. Certain facility leases provide for increases in future minimum annual rental payments based on defined increases in the Consumer Price Index, subject to certain minimum increases. Additionally, the agreements generally require the School to pay real estate taxes, insurance, and repairs. Some lease agreements also require the School to comply with certain covenants and to maintain certain financial ratios. As of June 30, 2023, the School believes it was in compliance with all ratios and covenants.

The following table provides quantitative information concerning the School's lease for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	 mount
Operating lease cost	\$ 244,044
Other Information	
Cash paid for amounts included in the	
measurement of lease liabilities:	
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 240,768
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new	
operating lease liabilities:	\$ 580,808
Weighted-average remaining lease term - finance leases	N/A
Weighted-average remaining lease term - operating leases	2.0 years
Weighted-average discount rate - finance leases	N/A
Weighted-average discount rate - operating leases	2.85%

The School classifies the total undiscounted lease payments that are due in the next 12 months as current. A maturity analysis of annual undiscounted cash flows for lease liabilities as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2024	\$ 267,366
2025	32,976
2026	33,456
2027	29,484
Undiscounted cash flows	363,282
(Less) Imputed interest	(10,437)
Total present value	\$ 352,845
	_
Short-term lease liabilities	\$ 242,946
Long-term lease liabilities	109,899
	\$ 352,845

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Westlake Association of Volunteer Explorers (W.A.V.E) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized for the specific purpose to support the mission, goals, and objectives of the Organization and its related activities. For the year ended June 30, 2023, W.A.V.E. made contributions to the Organization totaling \$46,568. As of June 30, 2023, the Organization had no amounts due to or due from W.A.V.E.

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES, RISKS, AND UNCERTAINTIES

In November 2022, the Organization entered into an agreement to purchase property for \$6,273,000 which is expected to be fully executed in Spring 2024.

The school has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement would not be material.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School settled a claim that arose in the normal course of business. The School estimates a range of loss for this claim between \$205,600 and \$245,600 and, as of June 30, 2023, has accrued \$205,600 as a liability within these financial statements.



WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS, REPORT)
UNAUDITED

Westlake Charter School (the Organization) is a California nonprofit public benefit corporation that was created by parents and educators in the Natomas area. The Organization is sponsored by the Natomas Unified School District in Sacramento County and serves children from kindergarten to ninth grade.

Westlake Charter School (charter number 0711) – established in 2005.

The board of directors and the administrators as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Member	Office	Term End (Length)	Term Expires
Hope Gawlick	President	3 Years	2023
Sian Burman	Vice President / Treasurer	3 Years	2025
Josh Corell	Secretary	3 Years	2024
Katie Davis	Member	3 Years	2024
Meredith Galloway	Member	3 Years	2025
Nirali Patel	Member	3 Years	2025
Shannon Simonds	Member	3 Years	2023
Michelle Gibbons	Member	3 Years	2023

ADMINISTRATORS

John Eick Executive Director
Steve Korvink Chief Business Official

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

			Traditional	
	Instructiona	<u>Il Minutes</u>	Calendar	
	Requirement	Actual	Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	56,140	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	58,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	58,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	58,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	58,870	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	58,870	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	58,870	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	60,785	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	60,785	180	In Compliance
Grade 9	64,800	66,615	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	64,800	66,615	180	In Compliance

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	Second Period Report		Annual Report		
	Classroom		Classroom		
	Based	Total	Based	Total	
Grades TK/K-3	406.96	406.96	407.45	407.45	
Grades 4-6	313.78	313.78	313.77	313.77	
Grades 7-8	209.95	209.95	210.34	210.34	
Grade 9-10	230.14	230.14	230.15	230.15	
ADA Totals	1,160.83	1,160.83	1,161.71	1,161.71	

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

June 30, 2023 Annual Financial Report Fund Balances (Net Assets)	\$ 13,262,197
Adjustments and Reclassifications:	
Increase (Decrease) of Fund Balance (Net Assets):	
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	250,000
Property, Plant, and Equipment, Net	(244,189)
Right of Use Assets	349,570
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	(228,288)
Lease Liability, Current Portion	(242,946)
Lease Liability, Net of Current Portion	(109,899)
Net Adjustments and Reclassifications	(225,752)
June 30, 2023 Audited Financial Statement	
Fund Balances (Net Assets)	\$ 13,036,445

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

NOTE 1 SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the Organization and whether the Organization complied with the provisions of California Education Code

NOTE 2 SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of School. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels.

NOTE 3 RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the net assets of the charter schools as reported on the Annual Financial Report form to the audited financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Westlake Charter School Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Westlake Charter School (the Organization), a nonprofit California public benefit corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Organization's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Organization's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California November 13, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Directors Westlake Charter School Sacramento, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Westlake Charter School's (the Organization) compliance with the types of compliance requirements applicable to the school described in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Organization's applicable State compliance requirements are identified in the table below.

In our opinion, the Organization complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the School for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Our responsibilities under those standards and 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Organization and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School's state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Organization's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Organization's compliance with the requirements of the government program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Organization's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Organization's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12
 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Compliance Requirements Tested

Charter School Facility Grant Program

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Organization's compliance with the laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Procedures

Not Applicable 10

Description	Performed
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools:	<u>r orionniou</u>
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Not Applicable ¹
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable ²
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable ³
Immunizations	Not Applicable ⁴
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Not Applicable ⁵
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant (CTEIG)	Not Applicable ⁶
Transitional Kindergarten	Not Applicable ⁷
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Not Applicable ⁸
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Not Applicable9
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	Yes

Not Applicable¹: The School did not have any expenditures for California Clean Energy Jobs Act in the year under audit or a completed project between 12 and 15 months prior to any month in the audit year.

Not Applicable²: The School did not operate an after or before school program component of this grant.

Not Applicable³: The School did not report ADA pursuant to Education Code section 51749.5.

Not Applicable⁴: The School did not have any charter school subject to audit of immunizations as listed in the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) website as listed in the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Not Applicable^{5:} The School did not have any Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant expenditures in the current year.

Not Applicable⁶: The School did not receive a CTEIG allocation for the audit year.

Not Applicable⁷: The School did not report ADA for the audit year for transitional kindergarten.

Board of Directors
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Not Applicable⁸: The School did not report ADA to the CDE as generated through nonclassroom-based instruction (independent study).

Not Applicable⁹: The School did not report more than 20% of its ADA as generated through nonclassroom-based instruction (independent study).

Not Applicable¹⁰: The School did not receive Charter School Facility Grant Program funding for the year audited.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Glendora, California November 13, 2023

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

All audit findings must be identified as one or more of the following categories:

Five Digit Code	Finding Types
10000	Attendance
20000	Inventory of Equipment
30000	Internal Control
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Program
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental
	Instruction
50000	Federal Compliance
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* or the 2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Findings and Questioned Costs – State Compliance

There were no findings or questioned costs related to state awards for June 30, 2023.

WESTLAKE CHARTER SCHOOL SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

There were no finding	gs and questic	ned costs re	elated to the	e basic financia	l statements or :	state awards
for the prior year.						

